

ABSTRAK

Patrisius Poto. 19. 75. 6658. **Deforestasi Di Indonesia Dalam Tinjauan Ensiklik *Laudato Si***. Skripsi. Program Sarjana, Program Studi Filsafat, Institut Filsafat dan Teknologi Kreatif Ledalero, 2023.

Tujuan penulisan skripsi ini untuk mengetahui sejarah dan realitas deforestasi di Indonesia dan pelbagai pengaruh yang disebabkan dari kerusakan hutan dan seruan moral pertobatan ekologis menurut ensiklik *Laudato Si*. Metode penulisan yang dipakai oleh penulis dalam menyelesaikan karya ilmiah ini adalah metode deskriptif kualitatif. Penulis menyelesaikan karya ilmiah ini dengan mengumpulkan data-data kepustakaan. Penulis juga mencari literatur atau sumber sekunder yang berhubungan dengan persoalan deforestasi di Indonesia. Deforestasi berdampak pada perubahan iklim dan pemanasan global, bencana alam, kepunahan flora dan fauna dan terganggunya siklus air.

Berdasarkan hasil penelitian kepustakaan ditemukan bahwa kerusakan hutan (deforestasi) di Indonesia sudah ada sejak awal masa kolonial, masa kemerdekaan hingga saat ini: *pertama*, masa kolonialisme ditandai dengan klaim hak pihak kolonial atas kekayaan sumber daya alam Indonesia, termasuk hutan. *Kedua*, pihak pemerintah Indonesia yang korup, di mana pihak penegak hukum dianggap seringkali meloloskan kaum kapitalis yang mengeksploitasi hutan. Selain itu, perkembangan masyarakat Indonesia yang kian pesat juga dapat meningkatkan segala kebutuhan konsumtif.

Berdasarkan persoalan di atas, penulis menawarkan jalan keluar dalam meminimalisasi masalah kerusakan hutan (deforestasi) di Indonesia yakni pandangan yang bertolak dari seruan moral pertobatan ekologis ensiklik *Laudato Si*.

Kata-kata Kunci: *Deforestasi, Indonesia, ensiklik Laudato Si*

ABSTRACT

Patrisius Poto. 19. 75. 6658. *Deforestation in Indonesia: A Review based on the Encyclical Laudato Si*. Undergraduate Thesis. Philosophy Study Program, Ledalero Institute of Philosophy and Creative Technology, 2023.

The purpose of this thesis is to understand the history and reality of deforestation in Indonesia, as well as the various influences caused by forest degradation and the moral call for ecological conversion according to the encyclical *Laudato Si*. The author employs a qualitative descriptive method in completing this academic work. The author gathered data from various literature sources and secondary materials related to deforestation issues in Indonesia. Deforestation has impacts on climate change, global warming, natural disasters, the extinction of flora and fauna, and disruption of the water cycle.

Based on the literature research findings, it is discovered that forest degradation (deforestation) in Indonesia has existed since the early colonial period, through the era of independence until the present. Firstly, the colonial period was marked by the colonial claim to Indonesia's natural resources, including forests. Secondly, the corrupt Indonesian government, where law enforcement is often seen as favoring capitalists who exploit the forests. Additionally, the rapid development of Indonesian society has also increased consumptive demands.

Based on the above issues, the author proposes a solution to minimize the problem of forest degradation (deforestation) in Indonesia by adopting a perspective rooted in the moral call for ecological conversion in the encyclical *Laudato Si*.

Keywords: *Deforestation, Indonesia, Laudato Si encyclical.*